**\*HƯỚNG DẪN ÔN TẬP:**

- HS xem lại lý thuyết, ví dụ minh họa trong tài liệu đã học và làm bài tập.

**\* YÊU CẦU:**

**-** Học sinh làm và chụp lại bài làm hoặc làm trực tiếp trên file word.

- Học sinh nộp bài trước 1/3/2020

- Học sinh nộp bài qua email [contact@tamkhoi.edu.vn](mailto:contact@tamkhoi.edu.vn)

**UNIT 11 BOOKS**

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheets to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.**

1. A. athletics B. though C. this D. themselves
2. A. reunite B. survive C. wilderness D. digest
3. A. book B. too C. who D. lose
4. A. fewer B. wonderful C. swallow D. chew
5. A. tasting B. subject C. sleep D. pleasure

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheets to indicate the word whose stress is placed differently from that of the others.**

1. A. magazine B. character C. quality D. agency
2. A. difficulty B. entertainment C. television D. fascinating
3. A. swallow B. digest C. happen D. offer
4. A. imagine B. important C. example D. wonderful
5. A. knowledge B. forever C. journey D. action

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheets to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.**

1. Please give me some ***advice*** to buy suitable books for my ten-year-old girl.

A. recommendation B. information C. fiction D. interest

1. Being listed as an endangered species can have negative ***effect*** since it could make a species more desirable for collectors and poachers.

A. awareness B. preservation C. support D. impact

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

1. This good advice shows how it is impossible to read different types of books in ***different*** ways.

A. same B. direct C. suitable D. interested

1. Desert plants require less ***care*** and are more attractive than house plants.

A. non-interference B. misapprehension C. disqualification D. inattention

1. The degree of brilliance of the star Algol changes ***noticeably*** every two and a half days.

A. unwaveringly B. wildly C. invisibly D. unpredictably

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheets to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions**

1. Which subject is this book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. for B. on C. of D. up

1. Francis Bacon lived \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about the same time as Shakespeare.

A. at B. for C. in D. over

1. People enjoy a book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ different ways.

A. on B. with C. upon D. in

1. This book is not really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It is a waste of money buying it.

A. inform B. information C. informative D. informatively

1. It is a good book. I think it is interesting enough for you to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. put down B. swallow C. look up D. understand

1. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a report in a newspaper or magazine in which a writer gives his opinion of a book, a film, or a play.

A. page B. subject C. review D. journey

1. If you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a book, you have a brief look at it without reading or studying it seriously.

A. dip into B. put away C. pick up D. put down

1. When a reader reads an interesting book slowly and carefully, he \_\_\_\_ it

A. reviews B. chews and digests C. swallows D. dips into

1. Since their appearance, books are a precious \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of knowledge and pleasure.

A. source B. pile C. amount D. sum

1. Many teenagers are not much \_\_\_\_\_\_ in reading books, except for what they are made to read at school.

A. excited B. important C. slow D. interested

1. \_\_\_\_ books are ones in which the story is told or illustrated with pictures.

A. Comic B. Thriller C. Romantic D. Science

1. This book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Peter. It is not mine.

A. possesses B. owns C. has D. belongs

1. Read the book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and you can find the information you need.

A. care B. careful C. carefulness D. carefully

1. Not many people find reading more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than watching TV.

A. interest B. interested C. interesting D. interestingly

1. To become a novelist, you need to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. imagine B. imagination C. imaginative D. imaginarily

1. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a story long enough to fill a complete book, in which the characters and events are usually imaginary.

A. pleasure B. novel C. page D. review

1. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the story of a person's life written by somebody else.

A. romance B. fiction C. biography D. science

1. After leaving school, many of us only read for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. please B. pleasant C. pleasure D. pleasing

1. The novel has had a tremendous impact on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and publishing markets.

A. entertain B. entertainer C. entertainment D. entertainingly

1. Can you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what it would be like to live without books?

A. imagine B. advise C. describe D. understand

1. Those letters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now. You can do the typing later.

A. need typing B. needn't be typed C. need to type D. needn't typing

1. Those letters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now. You can do the typing later.

A. need typing B. don’t need to be typed C. need to type D. needn't typing

1. Those letters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now.

A. need typing B. needn't be type C. need to type D. needn't typing

1. The museum is open to everybody. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between 9am and 5pm.

A. visits B. visited C. can visit D. can be visited

1. The picnic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because Peter has just had a traffic accident.

A. will cancel B. will be cancelling C. will be cancelled D. will have cancelled

1. The room is too dirty. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now.

A. should clean B. should have cleaned C. should be cleaning D. should be being cleaned

1. The situation \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to continue.

A. cannot allow B. cannot be allowed C. cannot have allowed D. cannot be allowing

1. The machine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on by pressing this switch.

A. can turn B. can be turned C. must turn D. should be turning

1. Things \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clear to them so that they can do the work in the way that you have told them.

A. are making B. ought to be made C. have made D. needn't be made

1. The package \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ carefully before it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. must be wrapped / is posted B. needs wrapping / will be posted

C. should wrap / is going to be posted D. will be wrapping / needs posting

1. Reese : Remember, they want someone who works well with people . You’re going to show them how easy- going and personable you are!

Kent: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A . Wait and see. Thanks B. Thanks I hope you

C. You see what I am like . Don’t worry D. Thanks. I’ll keep that in mind

1. \_ Thank you for your lovely dinner. You are an excellent cook. \_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. No, thanks. I’ll have to try more. B. I’m glad you like it. You must come again

C. No, I’m not. My sister cooks better than me. D. Yes, right. I often cook in my family.

1. \_ Would you mind if I smoked in here? \_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. Never mind. B. Yes, please don’t C. Not at all. D. Yes, please do.

1. \_ You speak excellent English. \_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. But my English is poor. B. You don’t understand me.

C. That’s none of your business. D. Thank you, but I’m just learning.

1. \_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_ Yes, I’ll have fried chicken, and some orange juice.

A. May I take your order, please? B. What do you like to eat and drink?

C. Can you buy something, please? D. Please tell me what you want here.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

1. You might picking up a travel book and read a few pages before going to sleep.
2. If it is a book in a subject that you are interested in, you will want to “chew and digest it”.
3. Do not start a book unless you could see from the first page that it is one you can easily read and understand.
4. This machine must clean every time it is used.
5. The children should be warned not to speak with strangers.
6. The experiment were conducted by Dr. Adams last week was unsuccessful, wasn’t it?
7. It is really sad how much people have the misconception that reading is boring.
8. Have you ever read "Oliver Twist", an interesting novel to write by Charles Dickens?
9. Read the book careful and you can find the information you need.
10. Books are still a cheap way to get informations and entertainment, and you can keep a book forever.

**Read the following passages and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheets to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks.**

BOOKS

On the subject of reading, Francis Bacon, who lived at (61) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the same time as Shakespeare, wrote these words,” Some books are to be tasted, others to be swallowed, and some few to be (62) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and digested”. This good advice show how it is possible to read different types of books in different ways. For example, you might pick up a travel book and read a few pages before going to sleep. It is enough to dip into it and read bits here and there. In a word, this is “tasting”.

Some stories are for “swallowing”. (63) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that you have found a good story, and, what is even more important, the time to enjoy it. You might be on holiday, or on a long train journey. If it is a good book you might say” It is so good; I can’t put it down”. But not all stories belong to this class. Reviewers sometimes describe books as” hard-to-put-down” or “hard-to-pick-up-again.”

Other books are for reading slowly and carefully. If it is a book on a subject that you are interested in, you want to “chew and (64) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it”. That does not mean reading it too slowly. When you pick up a book for the first time, check that it is not too difficult. Do not start a book unless you can see from the first few pages that it is one you can easily read and understand.

Some people think that as more and more people have television in their homes, fewer and fewer will buy books to read. Why read when television can bring you all the information and stories with colour, picture and action? But, in fact, television (65) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ reading. Today, more books of every kinds are sold than ever before. Books are still a cheap way to get information and entertainment, and you can keep a book forever and read it many times. Books in the home are a wonderful source of knowledge and pleasure.

1. A. on B. in C. of D. about
2. A. digested B. chewed C. chew D. put down
3. A. Imagination B. Imagining C. Imagined D. Imagine
4. A. swallow B. digest C. dip D. taste
5. A. had not killed B. didn’t kill C. has killed D. has not killed

Today there are libraries in almost every town in the world. Even in areas where there are no libraries, there are often mobile libraries which take books from one village to (66)\_\_\_\_\_\_. But in the days when books were copied by hand rather than printed, libraries were very rare. The reason is simple: books took a very long time to produce, and there were far fewer copies of any given work around. The greatest library (67)\_\_\_\_\_\_ all in Alexandria had 54,000 books.

In the ancient world, this number was considered huge. It was the first time that anyone had collected so many books from all around the world (68)\_\_\_\_\_\_ one roof. There are many theories about why these books were lost. Oneis that the library accidentally burned down. Another is that one of the rulers of the city ordered the books to be burned. They were taken to various places and it took six months to burn them. (69)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ happened, the collection there was priceless. Many of the library’s treasures were lost forever-some books were never recovered. We cannot even know (70)\_\_\_\_\_\_ what the library contains.

1. A. other B. others C. the other D. another
2. A. of B. about C. in D. over
3. A. in B. under C. over D. below
4. A. Whoever B. Whichever C. Whatever D. Wherever
5. A. exactly B. really C. detailedly D. yet

**Read the following passages and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheets to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

Langston Hughes was one of the greatest American writers of the twentieth century. He was born in Joplin, Missouri, and moved to Cleveland at the age of fourteen. Four years later he went to Mexico and spent one year there before attending Columbia University in New York. For a few years after that he roamed the world as a seaman, visiting ports around the world and writing some poetry. He returned to the United States and attended Lincoln University, where he won the Writer Bynner Prize for undergraduate poetry. After graduating in 1928, he traveled to Spain and to Russia. His best novels include “Not Without Laughter” and “The Big Sea”. He wrote an autobiography in 1956 and also published his collections of poetry then. A man of many talents, Hughes is one of the most accomplished writers in American literature history.

1. Langston Hughes was \_\_\_\_\_ years old when he went to Mexico.

A. 14 B. 16 C. 20 D. 18

1. When were his collections of poetry published?

A. in 1958 B. in 1956 C. in 1928 D. in 1960

1. Where did he win the Writer Bynner Prize for undergraduate poetry?

A. Columbia University B. Lincoln University C. Spain D. Russia

1. Where was Langston Hughes born?

A. Columbia B. Missouri C. New York D. Cleveland

1. Which of the following statements is NOT true?

A. Langston Hughes used to travel by ship to many ports around the world.

B. Langston Hughes attended Columbia University in New York at fourteen.

C. “The Big Sea” is one of Langston Hughes’ best novels.

D. Langston Hughes had lived in Mexico for a year before he left for New York.

There are books with fairy tales in many countries. Often the same stories are known and repeated in many languages. Some of the things that happens in these stories are remarkable, although not as remarkable as things that are truly happening in medicine and science today.

Most fairy tales begin with “Once upon a time” and end with “They lived happily ever after”, so we will begin in the same way.

Once upon a time there was a girl called Cinderella who did all the work in the kitchen while her lazy sister did nothing.

One night, her sister went to a ***ball*** at the palace. Cinderella was left home, very sad. After a time her fairy godmother appeared and told Cinderella that she could go to the ball- but to return home by midnight.

So she went to the ball in a beautiful dress in a wonderful coach. She danced with the prince but at midnight she ran back home, leaving one of her shoes on the floor. The prince wanted to see her again and went to every house in the capital until he found that the shoe was the right size for Cinderella. She and the prince were married and lived happily ever after.

1. Books with fairy tales are found in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. our country only B. few countries C. all countries except ours D. many countries

1. According to the passage, things truly happening in medicine and science today are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ things that happened in some fairy tales.

A. More remarkable than B. less remarkable than C. as remarkable as D. not as remarkable as

1. The word “ball” in the passage means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a sport equipment B. a dancing hall C. a balloon D. sphere

1. Cinderella was very sad because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. her sister did nothing B. her sister went to a ball and left her at home

C. she did all the work in the kitchen D. her sister was invited to a hall

1. At the end of the story, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Cinderella and the prince got married

B. Cinderella’s godmother came to comfort her

C. one of Cinderella’ sisters was married to the prince

D. the prince invited Cinderella to the hall

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions**

1. It's time we left for the disco.

A. We may leave for the disco now. B. We needn't leave for the disco now.

C. We should leave for the disco now. D. We must have left for the disco now.

1. You should keep the flowers in a warm sunny place.

A. The flowers should be kept in a warm sunny place.

B. The flowers should keep in a warm sunny place.

C. The flowers in a warm sunny place should be kept.

D. The flowers in a warm sunny place should keep.

1. Somebody might have stolen your car.

A. Somebody might have been stolen your car. B. Your car might be stolen.

C. Your car might have been stolen by somebody. D. Your car might have been stolen.

1. It wasn't obligatory to submit my assignment today.

A. My assignment must have been submitted today.

B. I needn't have submitted my assignment today.

C. My assignment was required to submit by today.

D. I mustn't submit my assignment today.

1. They will ask you a lot of questions at the interview.

A. You will be asked a lot of questions at the interview.

B. You will be asked a lot of questions at the interview by them.

C. A lot of questions will be asked you at the interview.

D. A lot of questions will be asked at the interview.

1. My car keys are possibly in the kitchen.

A. My car keys should be put in the kitchen.

B. My car keys cannot be in the kitchen.

C. I do not know whether my car keys are in the kitchen.

D. My car keys might be in the kitchen.

1. Is it possible for me to come to your house at about 7pm?

A. Must I come over to your house at about 7pm?

B. Could I be come to your house at about 7pm?

C. Can I come to your house at about 7pm?

D. Will I come to your house at about 7pm?

1. Can people use rivers to produce electricity?

A. Can rivers be used to produce electricity?

B. Can rivers be used by people to produce electricity?

C. Do rivers can be used to produce electricity?

D. Are rivers can be used to produce electricity?

1. They had to postpone the meeting because of his illness.

A. The meeting had to be postponed because of his illness.

B. The meeting had to because of his illness be postponed.

C. The meeting had to be postponed by them because of his illness.

D. The meeting because of illness had to be postponed.

1. An electrical fault could have caused the fire.

A. An electrical fault could have been caused by the fire.

B. An electrical fault could have been caused the fire.

C. The fire could have been caused by an electrical fault.

D. The fire could have caused an electrical fault.